

MONITOR SPORTS DAY JULY FIRST THE MONITOR NEWS

VOL. 5

MONITOR, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, APRIL 16th, 1920.

NO. 17

Do not forget
to file your

Income Tax Return on or before the 30th of April, 1920

Dominion of Canada



Department of Finance

ALL persons residing in Canada, employed in Canada, or carrying on business in Canada, are liable to a tax on income, as follows:

1. Every unmarried person, or widow, or widower, without dependents as defined by the Act, who during the calendar year 1919 received or earned \$1,000 or more.
2. All other individuals who during the calendar year 1919 received or earned \$2,000 or more.
3. Every corporation and joint stock company whose profits exceeded \$2,000 during the calendar year ended in 1919.

Forms to be used in filing returns on or before the 30th of April, 1920.

ALL INDIVIDUALS other than farmers and ranchers must use Form T 1.

FARMERS AND RANCHERS must use Form T 1A.

INVESTIGATORS and other persons must use Form T 2.

Penalty

Every person required to make a return, who fails to do so within the time limit, shall be subject to a penalty of Twenty-Five per centum of the amount of the tax payable.

Any person, whether taxable or otherwise, who fails to make a return or provide information duly required according to the provisions of the Act, shall be liable on summary conviction to a penalty of \$100 for each day during which the default continues. Also any person making a false statement in any return or in any information required by the Minister, shall be liable, on summary conviction, to a penalty not exceeding \$10,000, or to six months imprisonment, or to both fine and imprisonment.

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General Instructions.

Obtain Forms from the Inspectors or Assistant Inspectors of Taxation or from Postmasters.

Read carefully all Forms before filing it in.

Pay postage on letters and documents forwarded by mail to Inspectors of Taxation.

Make your returns promptly and avoid penalties.

Address INSPECTOR OF TAXATION,
CALGARY, ALTA.

R. W. BREADNER,
Commissioner of Taxation.

G.W.V.A. ITEMS

The Sec. Treas. has received a list of Hudsons Bay hand which will be thrown open for Soldier Settlement and may be purchased at the office of Soldier's Settlement Board, Calgary, at 2 p.m. Thursday, April 15th. This hand is open to eligible settlers as defined by the Soldier's Settlement Act 1919.

Information from Edmonton is to the effect that Comado H. J. McDonald is doing very nicely following his recent operation.

Comrades of Monitor Local G. W. V. A. are requested to observe that their dues are payable April 1st.

Monitor Local take this opportunity of welcoming two more Comrades who arrived this week. Comrades A. Reed and W. T. Taylor have taken land in this district.

Hints For Photographers

Amateur photographers, if you want to get the best results from your camera, try the following hints.

Clean your lens about twice a month both inside and outside by breathing on the glass and rubbing lightly with an old piece of silk, do not rub hard.

If you have a box camera be sure to only press the lever once for each exposure, after pressing the lever down, it is ready for the next exposure and snap is taken by bring lever up.

For a folding camera, be sure to set the scale for the correct distance, set the shutter and snap once only.

For any camera be sure to turn the film to the next number at once, then it is always ready to take a picture and if you get into the habit you will never have a good negative spoilt with a double exposure.

If you have any trouble and will send us the negatives and give us a description of the camera, the exposure was set for, also the number you had the pointer set to at the bottom of the lens we will tell you how to avoid these troubles.

Hold Annual Meeting

The Annual Congregational meeting of St. Laurence Church was held in the G. W. V. A. Rest Room, on Wednesday last week. The statement of Finance, showed a gratifying increase over that of last year and on the whole, the church was in a better position than it had been since its commencement.

The following officers were elected: Minister, Warden, Mr. J. Aug. Hayes, Peoples Warden, Mr. J. Hamer, Vestrymen, Messrs. McKenzie, Gould, Jas. Hayes, Larder Crisp.

At the close of the meeting the W. A. served light refreshments.

The splendid showing made by the W. A. during the year was the cause of much comment. It hardly seems credible that with such a small membership, such wonderful results have been attained. We must extend our congratulations to such an aggregation of workers

At The Churches

St. Laurence Church
Rev. W. S. WICKENDEN, B.A., L.Th.
PASTOR.

Divine Service every Sunday,
7:30 p.m. A bright, united, con-
gregational service for the whole community.

Holy Communion on the 1st.
Sunday in the month.

Holy Baptism at any time by
arrangement.

Sunday School, every Sunday
12 noon.

Choir Practice, Thursday and
Saturdays, 8 p.m.

The Methodist and Presby-
terian Congregation.

Rev. J. L. Wright, Pastor.

Sunday, April 18th
Divine service Monitor 1 pm
Union Sunday School 12a
Service Kirriemuir 7:30 pm
School and Bible Class 11am
Sunday School workers meet in
the Parsonage every Tues. 8 p.m.

A Cordial Welcome to every-
one. Visitors and New Comers
are especially invited to all these
services.

On With The Dance

The following is a clipping
from an article in the Treherne
Times [Man.]

"The Times was criticised
last week because no editorial
reference was made to the re-
vival meetings being conducted
by the Rev. Mr. Whiteside. Ye
ld therefore went to Church on
Sunday to hear him. Mr. White-
side is a good talker and an
honest Christian gentleman.

But in common with other
Methodist ministers and with
evangelists such as Sunday,
Williams and King,
one may understand from them
and from Whiteside that he
who dances is bound straight
for the 'puerilus kingdom'.
This idea of theirs is as obsolete
and foolish as the hex in medi-
cine. They both belong to the
same anti-Victorian period.

In Jeremiah 31:13 we find:
"Then shall the virgin rejoice
in the dance, both young men
and old together There
are 8 other references to dancing
in the Bible, none more
condemning than the above.

There are plenty of real evils
in the world to day on
which ministers could spend
more profitable time than on
the so called 'dance evil'
from the ball room to hell
gets tiresome and moth eaten
after a time.

To all of which we add Hear
Hear!

Local Happenings

Readers will please note that
the hours for the Telephone
office in Monitor, on Sundays
and holidays, is from 10 to 12 a.m.

Sounding Lake U. F. A. gen-
eral meeting 1st Saturday in
each month 8 p.m. at Home
Shoe Schoolhouse.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. L.
R. Arthur of Monitor on April
8th, a daughter.

J. A. McGirr has set the ex-
ample in the spring housecleaning
stunt, by having the out-
side of his store re-painted. A.
Grace will likely be next, and
if all the merchants will follow
this example, we will have a
village to be proud of.

If you have not received one
of the Calendars from the Moni-
tor Garage, you can secure one
by calling on Mr. C. B. Horsch.
at the Garage.

On Thursday of last week, Mr.
J. L. West, our School principal
was called Detroit owing to
the illness of his sister. During
his absence the senior room at
the school will be taken by such
teachers as are available.

Rev. W. S. Wickenden has
signified his intention of taking
a well-earned holiday, starting
at the beginning of next month.
He will visit his relatives in
England and return to Monitor
about August. During his ab-
sence arrangements have been
made for the continuation of the
services at St. Laurence Church
each Sunday.

For about the fifth time this
year, Spring has come.

Mr. Wm. Schroer and family
returned from Springfield, o. S.
A. on Saturday of last week.
Bill is glad to be back on the
job again.

A good crowd attended Dan
Grivens Sale held here last
Saturday. Everything was sold
and for a good price too.

If you have not received one
of the Calendars from the Moni-
tor Garage, you can secure one
by calling on Mr. C. B. Horsch.
at the Garage.

Accident or Sickness Policies
or both. See H. A. Warner, at
the News Office.

Mrs. J. L. Wright returned to
Monitor on Monday afternoon.

Miss. Asmund, of South
Dakota, is visiting Mr. and Mrs.
Lakness for a few days.

Mr. Hardie, manager of the
Toronto Type Foundry, paid a
brief business visit to the News
on Wednesday last.

According to the views of the
farmers we have interviewed,
work on the land will start in
this district about the end of
this week and will become
general by about the middle of
next week.

Automobiles reappeared on
the streets of Monitor on Mon-
day last. A sure harbinger for
spring.



Canada's and the World's Need

Occasions arise when it becomes the patriotic duty of every man, and woman too, to forget, neglect, even sacrifice, their own work and interests for the general good of their country. Such an occasion arose with the outbreak of the Great War. The happiness and comfort of home, success in business achievement, the general betterment of one's position in life and the promotion of the family's welfare, usually and properly the chief worldly concern of any person, suddenly became matters of minor importance. The liberty of the whole human race, the basic principles on which civilization rests, the ideals and independence of the nation itself, were jeopardized and their destruction threatened. In these circumstances, one's devotion to purely personal interests became utterly selfish and unworthy.

Generally speaking, a man serves his country and the cause of humanity ably and well when he devotes his best thought and energies to the everyday day work which calls for attention, providing the work in which he is engaged is legitimate and worthy. It should not be, of course, a selfish absorption in his own interests to the exclusion of everything else. It should not be a miserly regard for personal gain irrespective of the effect on others, and wholly neglectful of the finer things in life and of community and national interests. But, on the whole, the person who does his work faithfully and well is serving his country and fellowmen at the same time.

This, let it be repeated, is true as a general proposition, but it was never more universally true than it is at the present time. The needs not only of Canada, but of the whole world, the needs of that civilization which was saved from destruction on the battlefields of the world during the historic years 1914-1918, call imperatively to every Canadian to "be on the job" doing his own particular work at this time.

There is no need for emphasizing this fact because there is in evidence on all sides of an inclination to "let up," to put less effort into one's work, in a word, to get through the day as quickly and easily as possible, and this at a time when, because of the wholesale destruction of goods and wealth caused by the war, there is greater need than ever before for a maximum of productive effort. As has been pointed out over and over again, not only do men insist upon easier work, shorter hours of labor, more pay and more of the good things of life, but they become indignant if the price of these goods goes up. Yet it must be apparent to all intelligent and reasonable men that if less is produced and more is consumed scarcity must result and a rise in prices becomes as inevitable as the force of gravity.

This general relaxation is, however, a natural sequence of the war, and it

is not confined to any one class of the population of this and other countries. It is manifest in all ranks of society.

During the war there was a tremendous urging of farmers to work early and late and increase food production, and of all industrial workers to turn out a maximum of goods. This same incentive to effort was urged in connection with the Victory Loan, Patriotic Fund, Red Cross, and other drives. It found general expression in work, service, sacrifice. Everybody was living at high tension.

It is inevitable and only human nature that such a strain, for which many were ill-prepared should be followed by a reaction, and that with the relaxed tension there should come a period of slackness, lessened production and lack of interest in work. It is the same feeling which forces a man after a period of tense application to take a holiday. The war saw an extreme of work and sacrifice; then we are having an extreme of slackness and selfishness, wherein everybody wants as much as possible by giving or paying as little as possible.

But along this path lies individual and national loss and, if persisted in, ultimate disaster. If we all look upon the world as our orange to be squeezed dry, at a time when a desperate struggle is in progress to rehabilitate it, then we are but hastening our own disappointment and increasing our loss. On the other hand, the man or woman who refuses to let themselves down, and who sticks to their job now will find in a comparatively short time that they have not only rendered real service to their country and the world; but that they have enormously advanced their own interests and placed themselves in a strong position to meet and overcome any of the adversities which may yet have to be faced before this old world is again established on a normal foundation.

BILIOUS!

Quick! Get Liver and Bowels Right with "Cascarets"

Furred Tongue, Bad Taste, Indigestion, Sallow Skin, and Miserable Headaches come from a torpid liver and sluggish bowels, which cause the stomach to become filled with undigested foods, which sour and ferment, forming acids, gases and poisons. Cascarets tonight will give your bilious system a thorough cleansing and straighten you out by morning. Cascarets never sicken or inconvenience you like nasty Calomel, Salts, Oil, or grining pills. They work while you sleep.

Among many people sneezing is interpreted as a sign of evil fortune. By many it was once believed to be lucky from noon to midnight and unlucky from midnight to noon.

The price of tea and coffee has been shooting up—but that doesn't bother the thousands who now enjoy

INSTANT POSTUM

—a rich full-bodied and wholesome beverage with distinctive coffee-like flavor but only one after effect

*Satisfaction
At Grocers*

No
Raise In
Price

Will Locate in B.C.

Iron and Steel Industry On The Pacific Coast

A powerful British iron and steel company will locate in British Columbia and establish a complete plant for turning out all products of the industry, according to advice received at Vancouver, B. C., from England. Work on preliminaries connected with this firm's flotation for activity in western Canada has already been started. This company will be capitalized at five million pounds sterling, and will work in British Columbia with an established coal company having rail and water connections. Native ores of British Columbia are to be utilized.

THANKFUL MOTHERS

Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets for her little ones she would use nothing else. The Tablets give such results that the mother and other words of praise and thankfulness for them. Among the thousands of mothers throughout Canada who praise the tablets are Mrs. David A. Anderson, New Glasgow, N. S., who writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for my children and find my experience cannot be equalled. I could not be without them. I would urge every mother to keep a box of the Tablets in the house." The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulates the bowels and sweeten the stomach; drive out constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers; and relieve rheumatism. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Transaction of National Importance

Life Assurance Co., Purchase Block of United Grain Growers Twenty Year Bonds

A financial transaction of national importance, but of especial interest to the farmers and grain growers of the West, has just been completed between the United Grain Growers and the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, according to an announcement contained in a news item from Mr. E. A. Macnutt, treasurer of the Sun Life.

The remarkable growth and the vast amount of good accomplished by the United Grain Growers in their measures of co-operation in the marketing of grain, etc., for the farming community of Western Canada are well known. The board of directors of the United Grain Growers intend to branch out on a still larger scale, and has just authorized an issue of two million dollars of six per cent, first mortgage twenty year gold bonds.

Three quarters of a million of this issue has just been purchased by the Sun Life of Canada, and the remainder of the issue when needed by the Grain Growers will be offered to the Sun Life.

This is an instance of a Canadian life company which draws its resources in the way of premiums from the public, directly assisting a co-operative enterprise of a very important section of the people.

The bonds are secured on the elevators and real estate of the Grain Growers spread over the provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba, and the Company is composed of more than 30,000 shareholders who reside in these western provinces and are farmers and grain growers.

The head office of the United Grain Growers is in Winnipeg and the officers are: president, Hon. T. A. Crerar; 1st vice-president, C. Price Jones; 2nd vice-president, J. Kennedy; secretary, J. A. Hand; treasurer, F. M. Black. The head office of the United Grain Growers is in Winnipeg, and the head office of the Sun Life is in Montreal.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia

Food Shortage in Egypt Food shortage in Egypt is being seriously felt in wheat provisions. Natives are unable to obtain wheat flour. Discontent is increasing in consequence.

In relation to all imports of food scarcity in Egypt, it is well to remember that for several years, owing to the fabulous value of cotton, Egyptians neglected the cultivation of food-stuffs.

W. N. U. 1311

Big Road Contracts to be Let

Eight Hundred Miles of Road to be Built in Manitoba

Tenders for grading about 800 miles of roads will be called for in Manitoba within the next two months, according to information supplied by the province. This work will be let in contracts of from two to 75 miles.

The work will be done under "The Good Roads Act," which has been in successful operation for the past six years. Up to the present, about 1,200 miles of work has been graded and about 400 miles gravelled under the act.

In addition to the road work, it is expected that over 100 concrete bridges will be constructed. The bridge work will include a steel bridge 650 feet long over the Red River; a concrete arch 100 feet clear span over the La Salle River; several bridges of concrete over the Assiniboine River, and a number of bridge from 30 to 50 feet clear span. Up to date, 384 bridges have been built under "The Good Roads Act," of which 271 were of concrete.

It is expected that over 4,000 miles of grading will be done in Manitoba within the next four years, and a large percentage of this mileage is to be gravelled.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

A new broom sweeps almost as clean as a straight flush.

No woman can reform a husband by continuous lecture process.

"SYRUP OF FIGS"

CHILD'S LAXATIVE

Look at tongue! Remove polsons from little stomach, liver and bowels



BOVRIL

The great "key food" that makes other foods more nourishing.



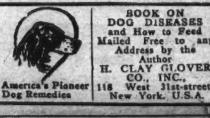
BORSALINO

MEN'S HATS

*THIS
YEAR
MAN
ON
ALL
HATS
BY
BORSALINO
MADE
IN
ITALY*

*ALL STYLES—ALL COLORS
SEE YOUR LOCAL DEALER*

*The Soul of a Piano is Instinct upon
OTTO HIGEL PIANO ACTIONS*



FOWLER'S CIDERS

12 DIFFERENT KINDS—GRAPE, APPLE, LEMON, LIME, CHERRY, BLACK BERRY, WINE, PEACH, MELON, ORANGE, LEMON, LIME, LADY CHERRIES, LEMON, LIME, STRAWBERRY, CREAM.

Buy them by the gallon from your Dealer.

The Candid Volunteer

An Australian who did clerical work for his government during the war tells how in going through a batch of enlistment forms one day and answering the usual questions as to name, age, address, occupation, and so on, he came upon one decidedly original reply. The question, "State in which enlisted," was answered by the assurance, "strictly sober."



The Message of Home Preservation and Building Protection

"100 Per Cent. Pure Paint
The Paint for wear and tear
Senour's Floor Paint
The old reliable — it wears and wears,
and wears."

"Neu-Tone"
The sanitary washable oil paint for interior decorations.

"Wood-Lac" Stains
Interior and exterior — renewes the old.

"Marble-ite"
The one perfect floor finish — and mar or scratch white, under hardest wear.

Beautiful Oil Cloth and Linoleum.

Even surface within and without your home alone can give

Wear, decay, rust, start from the surface. Protect the surface and you protect all.

MARTIN-SENOUR PAINTS AND VARNISHES.

are the most effective material protectors you can buy — any surface — wood, iron, steel, stucco, cement.

When you choose a Martin-Senour product, you are sure to have the paint or varnish best suited to your purpose.

Because of its high quality and economy, it will prove the most economical for you.

Ask for copies of our two books — "Town and Country Homes" and "Country Homes and Span." Free on request.

MARTIN-SENOUR PAINTS AND VARNISHES.
ST. BONIFACE MANITOBA

West Is Demanding Completion of the Hudson Bay Road

Resume of address of J. A. Campbell, M.P., at the Forum, Ottawa, on Sunday evening, March 21.

For practically half a century there has been an insistent demand on the part of the west for a railway to Hudson Bay as part of an overseas route. This was subsequently recognized as a national project, was advocated and construction promised by leaders of all political parties from Sir Charles Tupper to the present.

The country generally recognized the strategic importance of the Hudson Bay and its commercial value as a water route to the east, and it was estimated that 10 per cent. to 15 per cent. of the value of wheat and other products from the prairies might be saved by this means of transportation, the railway being looked upon as a bridge from the fertile plains of the west to the seaboard at one of the ports on the bay. Varied expeditions were sent out to examine the feasibility of the route, particularly those under Gordon, Wakeham and Bell. As the result of reports sent in and other evidence obtained, construction of the railway was decided on and work commenced in 1910. The progress was somewhat slow, but continued to the end of 1917 at which time the grade had been completed to the Bay at Port Nelson, a distance of 424 miles from The Pas, and rails laid as far as Kettle Rapids, mile 332, the work done including the erection of two large steel bridges over the Nelson. An item of \$1,000,000 was placed in the estimates for 1918 for the purpose of completing the railway by laying the steel for the remaining 92 miles. No work, however, was done during that year, and in 1919 there was nothing in the main estimates for this project, the government evidently having turned its attention to more eastern enterprises such as the Trent and Welland canals, which were liberally provided for, and the attitude of the government indicates an intention to abandon the project for the time being at any rate. Over \$20,000,000 have been spent on the railway, and terminal works at the bay.

An engineer on the Hudson Bay Railway decided to take a short trip inland during the fall of 1915 for the purpose of seeing the country and doing a little prospecting. The trip resulted in the discovery of one of the richest copper deposits in the world, and from the Mandy mine there has already been taken out 26,000 tons of sulphide ore averaging 20 per cent. of copper. Within five miles of this and at about the same time, another discovery was made, which after two years of diamond drilling has been shown to contain almost 20,000,000 tons of sulphide at a normal value of from \$8 to \$10 a ton. This property is now widely known as the Flin Flon deposit, and has been optioned to a New York syndicate who have undertaken to spend at least \$200,000 during the next six months in underground workings. Reports all go to show that this is one of the largest deposits on the continent, and no doubt its development will mean the construction of a branch line from the Hudson Bay Railway, the erection of a smelter and the establishment of a large mining camp. These properties are at the western end of a mineral belt stretching for a distance of one hundred and twenty-five miles to the railway. At the eastern end several gold discoveries have been made, and one of them has already become a shipping mine.

Along the line are vast areas of land capable of cultivation. In a 100 mile stretch it is estimated there are 10,000 sq. miles of good arable land, tributary to the railway and in due course this land will be occupied and productive of bountiful crops.

The present demand for paper is directing attention to the extensive and valuable pulp areas of the north, and particularly to the fact that there are available excellent water power facilities, the Nelson alone being capable of developing three and a half million horse power, and the railway practically parallels this river for the greater part of its length. Then there is always the fur trade which becomes increasingly important as the railway is extended, thus giving greater facilities for bringing

out the season's catch. It is estimated that The Pas will be a market this year for \$2,000,000 worth of furs.

Outside of the opening up of the intervening territory, the line may be fully justified; if only for the purpose of connecting the Hudson Bay with the prairies. The products of this great inland sea and the territory adjacent thereto promise in the future to be placed in the first rank among natural resources.

Intervening years have increased the west's confidence in the feasibility and importance of the project. The chief centres of population throughout the prairie provinces are pressing for a direct connection with The Pas, the southern terminus of the road. The C.N.R. is now building northwardly from Melfort through the Carrot River Valley, the ultimate object being a short through line from The Pas to Saskatoon and Calgary. The construction of only sixty odd miles of road will make a direct connection with Regina. The people from southern Saskatchewan are urging a line to connect the coal fields of Estevan with the northern route, probably taking in Moosomin on the way, and there is now a reasonably direct route via Prince Albert to Edmonton.

Besides, the west is paying for the road, certain lands having been set aside years ago to provide by their sale a fund for the purpose. An official statement issued about a year ago set out that \$28,000,000 of these lands have been sold, and almost \$13,000,000 already collected. The discontinuance of this national enterprise would mean a serious financial loss by deterioration of the part already constructed. It would mean the stoppage of important developments now in their initial stages. It would also mean a breach of faith with the western provinces.

More Consolidated School Districts

Three New Districts Have Elected in Saskatchewan

Since the beginning of the year, three consolidated school districts have been erected in Saskatchewan. This makes a total of 31 consolidations in the province to date.

The last two districts to have their applications for consolidation approved by the minister of education are Netherhill and Khedive, each of which will take in tow old districts and parts of others. Tribune held a meeting recently and voted by a large majority for consolidation. It is planned at Tribune to take in three existing districts and the old portions of several others.

Adam must have been swift footed, inasmuch as he was first in the human race.

Glad of the French Army

Theory That Way to Insure Peace by Disarmament Shattered by Events at Berlin

The Paris Times mentions no names, but it evidently was looking toward the United States when it made the following comment: "If ever the counter-revolution reigns the war and costs the lives of French soldiers, we hope that an accounting will be demanded by those people who at the moment when a military dictatorship has established itself in Berlin have nothing better to do than to protest against the allied precautions as militaristic."

If German developments should force a renewal of the war, the civilized world will have good reason to rejoice that France, at least, has kept up her army, and it may equally be glad that Italy has kept up her army also. It may also be at matter for general congratulation that the United States Senate never has ratified the peace treaty. This country, therefore, is still in an official state of war with Germany and in position to give immediate support to the French, Italians and British in case of need. The two Latin nations would have to rely on us mainly for financial backing, but if those were promptly granted, with the moral support which such a grant would imply, they probably would be able to handle the military work.

The theory that the way to insure future peace was to begin by renunciations, disarmament and discord among the nations which won the war must have been effectually shattered in most minds by the events at Berlin.

Alberta-Made Tractors

First Tractor Made in Western Canada Produced by Medicine Hat Plant

What is claimed to be the first tractor made in a Western Canadian plant was completed by the Alberta Foundry and Machine Company at Medicine Hat, a few days ago, and sent to Regina, Saskatchewan, for demonstration purposes. Several more will be completed this week, and forwarded to Saskatchewan, where the demand for them exceeds the supply.

Except for the mechanical oiler, magneto, carburetor and radiator, all of which are patented, the Canadian tractor is manufactured entirely by the Alberta Foundry and Machine Co. It has been tested out thoroughly and found satisfactory. This tractor will haul three plows in breaking and sells at a price which make it one of the cheapest tractors for its power in Canada.

The Company has spent \$150,000 on extra tools and equipment for making these tractors, and the floor space devoted to them totals 30,000 square feet. The complete plant of the company now represents an investment of a quarter of a million dollars.

Some people are always looking for a new kind of mistake to make.

Sir Arthur Currie Tells of Great Work Of Canadian Troops

Canada entered the post war period with the same degree of courage and high sense of honor as she entered the war; and, as in the war she proved herself second to none in war activities, either in the field or at home, earning a proud place beside Great Britain among the civilized nations of the world, so she accepts this place with humility and a deep sense of her duties towards other nations of the world and towards civilization, according to Gen. Sir Arthur Currie, K.C.M.G., K.C.B., Inspector-General and military counselor of the Dominion of Canada, speaking at the annual meeting of the Canadian Club in New York.

At this time and in this place it is not befitting to brood over the troubled conditions prevailing throughout the world—what is in store for tomorrow is not known—but to use the powerful evocation of General Simola, "the tents are struck, the canals are loaded, once again the caravan of humanity is on the move," said General Currie.

"Trials and tribulations may be coming, the present social and political status of civilization may be greatly altered before 'the caravan of humanity' pitches its camp again; but, whatever comes, we may be confident that Canada will face the issue squarely, with the resolute courage, foresight and unselfishness, earnestness it has shown in the crisis just passed."

General Currie told in detail of the record of the Canadian corps in the world war; of its continuous and successful fighting during more than 100 days, including the battle of Amiens, Arras and Cambrai, in which period it delivered more than 500 square miles of territory, liberating 228 cities, towns and villages, taking 32,000 prisoners and capturing large numbers

of machine guns, field guns, trench mortars.

During that time, he said, the Canadian corps decisively defeated more than 50 German divisions, approximately one-quarter of the total German forces on the western front; encountered and crushed elements of 17 additional divisions, then marched across Belgium and contributed two of the four British divisions which held a bridgehead in the Rhine area.

Throughout the four years of the war the Canadian corps never permanently lost a gun and in the last two years never failed to capture an objective or to retain those objectives, once consolidated, he reported, adding:

"The extraordinary successes won by the Canadian corps can only be explained by its superior organization and the *esprit de corps* which united all the component parts of the Canadian forces and made them work for all, one for all, with victory only as the ultimate goal."

"By their services and their sacrifice they have created a national tradition which shall forever inspire our people and lift our souls to higher spheres than of material profit and industrial achievement. By their efforts peace has come; by their sacrifice Christianity has endured; by their patriotism and love of country the empire remains inviolate; by their devotion to duty, honor has been Preserved. Would that one could say that by their willingness to die, selflessness had disappeared from the world."

"May the peace which has come be a lasting peace, not only a peace between nations, but a peace between families, between communities, between classes, between warring factions in the industrial world and in the political world."

Distribution of Gopher Poison for Farmers

First Message Dispatched Through

In British Columbia

At the Air Between Vancouver and Victoria

Vancouver and Victoria have been in communication by wireless telephone. The first message ever dispatched through the air between the two cities was distinctly heard through a receiving instrument at the court house at Vancouver by a local newspaper man and the wireless operator. The message was spoken into the air from the Parliament buildings in Victoria, where a transmitting apparatus has been installed. By agreement it had been arranged that the establishment of communication was to be tested by repetition of the first ten numerals. The operator heard the first six, then the receiver was transferred to the journalist, who heard the last four.

Offer of Government Aides to Settlers in Local Improvement Districts

Arrangements are now completed by the Saskatchewan department of agriculture for the free distribution of a limited amount of gopher poison to resident settlers in local improvement districts in southwestern Saskatchewan where the gophers have become so numerous as to be a serious menace to the crops. A quantity of poison has been purchased and bona fide farmers should make application to the department at once as it is unlikely that any application will be accepted after May 1.

One of the conditions made is that poison supplied free will be prepared and put out before May 15. Early poisoning is recognized to be by far the most effective means of materially reducing the numbers of the pest before the young appear and the bait is more attractive before the crop shows up much.

Where there is a local Grain Growers' Association application should be made through the secretary. Forms are now being sent out to all secretaries in the unorganized units. One ounce of strichnine will be allowed each quarter section cultivated by the applicant.

Forms may be secured on application to the weeds and seeds branch of the provincial department of agriculture.

Accommodation for Flyers at Calgary

The city of Calgary may erect an aerodrome to accommodate local and long distance flyers this year, the city commissioner having looked favorably upon a request of Capt. Bettis, who represented the Aero Club of Canada and the McCall Aero Corporation at a meeting with the city commissioners recently. If arrangements can be made, suitable flying grounds will be leased and a hangar to accommodate at least three airplanes will be erected.

W. N. U. 111



Members of the Ladies' Lacrosse Association playing an exhibition game at Paddington, near London, England.

DO YOU KNOW WHY

Want old sore or skin disease of joints breaks out again? It's because you have been using do not get to the root of the disease, but remain on the surface. Try Zam-Buk! It penetrates to the underlying tissues, destroys all germs and cures from the "root" up. Hence Zam-Buk cures are lifetime. All dealers, 50c. box.

Zam-Buk

Durum Wheat for Dry Belt

To Develop A Variety of Wheat That Will Yield Returns Under Dry Conditions

In order to overcome as much as possible the drought conditions in the southwestern portion of Saskatchewan, and introduce a variety of wheat that will withstand dry seasons, A. E. Wilson, Dominion Seed Purchasing Commissioner, has arranged to store at Moose Jaw about 3,600 bushels of Durum wheat, of the improved Kaukauna variety. Of this amount, 1,100 bushels have been purchased by the Saskatchewan government's department of agriculture. The whole amount will be distributed, through the co-operation of the two governments, from Moose Jaw yards in small lots by local freight.

This variety, for seed purposes, cost \$4.25 sacked f.o.b. Winnipeg, but will be sold at the same price as Marquis wheat, the difference amounting to \$1.73 1/2, being paid by the Dominion government. It is considered important to develop a variety that will yield returns under dry conditions so that south-western Saskatchewan may have an opportunity of expanding. The Dominion and Provincial governments have come to an agreement to assist farmers who are willing to try growing Kaukauna wheat in every way possible.

This variety sells at Fort William at 10 cents under the price for other varieties, but the full value is obtainable on the Minneapolis market, and the C.P.R. has undertaken to afford every facility for hauling it to that market if sufficient quantity is grown at any one point.

Kaukauna wheat has a number of advantages, according to A. E. Wilson, which are well worth considering in the drier portions of Saskatchewan. It grows a longer straw and has a considerably greater drought resistance than Marquis.

At the University of Saskatchewan, in a five-year test, Professor Bracken reported that while on semi-fallow, the Kaukauna wheat only averaged one bushel per acre, heavier than Marquis wheat, the yield on fall plowing averaged five bushels higher than either Marquis or Red Fife.

The Great Burden Bearer

Has Loaned Enormous Sums To Half A Dozen Countries

Great Britain would have little trouble about exchange, if she had borne only her own financial share in the war instead of financing all of Europe. Think of this record: \$2,800,000,000 lent to Russia; \$2,350,000,000 to France; the same to Italy; \$350,000,000 to Belgium, and about the same to the Balkan States. If the money were repaid, say \$8,000,000,000, the people of Great Britain could pay the United States for the excess of imports from that country, and the pound would be worth \$4.80. Great Britain is still paying for the freedom of other countries. Britain is a nation which take such duties for granted, and some other countries take it for granted that Britain shall bear their burdens. — The Vancouver Province.

Many Demobilized From British Army

The war office state that 2,017 officers and 17,815 men were released from the British Army during the latter half of March and that since the armistice 4,018,706 officers and men have been demobilized.

Peddler.—Can't I sell you a paper of pins today, lady? — Lady. — No thanks, my husband bought a new shirt yesterday.—Judge.

Why Some Beef is Dear

A Lesson in A Husband's Lunch And A Study in Economy

Canadian women can make a marked reduction, in the cost of living without aid of law or legislation. The matter is quite individual. It can be great or little, just as the housewife chooses. Indeed, a slight change in the buying habits of the home might considerably improve nutrient return for each dollar spent. It is a simple matter, depending on sound common sense.

The real cause why the prime cuts of beef, the porterhouse, the tenderloin and the round steak, are so highly priced is that many more people in the last two years have the money to buy these parts. The supply remains relatively the same.

Retail prices of the lower-priced meats are now down to a level near cost, sometimes indeed below cost price, that the butcher-retailer must make all his profit on the higher cuts. Roughly, the demand is for the hindquarter cuts; if a steer were producible having nothing but porterhouse and tenderloin, things would quickly right themselves. But, unfortunately, the carcass of the best steer only yields about 22 per cent. of its total weight in loin cuts. The following table, prepared from actual returns in Toronto in the last few weeks, with price averaged over all qualities of beef, makes it plain why a few cuts only must carry a high price if the whole carcass is to yield a profit. Wholesale cuts to butchers are taken as illustrations. These are, of course, further subdivided before the housewife makes her purchase. "Hips," for instance, include three grades of "round."

Wholesale price of carcasses 19 to 21 cents per lb.

Percent of Carcass	Retail price Per Lb.
Hips 23 28
Flanks 5 15
Loins 22 32
Ribs 11 26
Plate 12 16 1/2
Chucks 24 21
Shank 3 8
Average retail price of whole carcasses 24.3 cents a lb.	

It is desirable to impress the fact that the nutritive value of most of the cheaper cuts is excellent. The selfsame careful feeding is given by the farmer to a steer whether the flesh is formed on the fore-quarter or the hind. Many cuts, of course, by their nature are more suitable for boiling and stews, but it is worth nothing that these are popular with many restaurant customers. Many a man lunches appetizingly down town at noon from joints which his wife would not buy.

A campaign is being conducted for the next month in the United States to foster the greater use of the fore-quarter cuts in the hope that household prices will be more equalized. Conditions are similar in every way in the Dominion and in the States.

Dangers of the Movies

Educators must not be led astray by the moving picture's hold on the public's mind. They must not put the world in jeopardy. Teaching a young child to think in pictures is, after all, merely reverting to the primitive state. The test is the child's ability to express its thoughts, and not one child in a thousand can do that in pictures. Our faint-hearted magazine editors have set a bad example which must be kept out of the schools. They print so-called stories which are nothing but rippling accounts of moving picture thrillers. A mind fed long on that stuff will never know what sound thinking is. By all means the picture where it is useful, but better no pictures than neglect of the word.—Indianapolis News.

A legal light naturally feels put out if the judge turns him down.



Big Future in Air

Mr. Handley Page Thinks That Canada Will Become Great Field For Aeronautics

Mr. Handley Page, the famous English inventor of the adoption of aeroplanes for bombing with the maximum of effect, gave an address at the Canadian Club, Montreal, on "Commercializing the Air." Mr. Page's address was full of humor and also covered a wide area of facts regarding the use of the air as the last resort of civilization for speed in the conveyance of passengers and materials.

The economic limits had already been reached, he said, in land transport, either by train or by automobile, and in sea transport, and the new field to be exploited was that of the air. In this he considered Canada, as the connecting link between Great Britain and the Orient, with its wonderful record in the war, had a promising future, and it was this he was trying to utilize.

He pointed out that the use of aviation was not merely confined to ordinary traffic, but that aeroplanes could be used to great commercial advantage in the surveying of new stretches of country, with aerial photography, the surveying of timber limits by the same means, and by the use of airplanes for the prevention of forest fires, which had already been practised to a considerable extent in the St. Maurice Valley.

"Every enterprising country will soon have to adopt air service," said Mr. Handley Page. "More especially Canada, which produces the special spruce and rare metals needed for the construction of these machines.

It therefore needs little vision to foresee the time when the Dominion,

which has produced the greatest railway system in the world, and so many efficient aviators, will be linked up as an Imperial highway by the air route, not only reducing your distances, but producing machines and trained aviators, who, should another war occur, would be of the greatest value to Canada and the Empire."

Mill for Grinding Alfalfa

New Machine Will Turn Out The Actual Meal

One of the results of the huge alfalfa yield in the Lethbridge and Coalfield areas of Southern Alberta during the past season and an indication of the confidence of the farmers there that this is merely a beginning of the yields of this fodder crop that will be produced, is made evident by the purchase by a local company of an alfalfa mill costing \$15,000.

This mill grinds the whole alfalfa plant into a meal, which, if it is declared, has proven the most economical way to feed alfalfa. Alfalfa chop has been used in the past, but the new machine will turn out the actual meal. Its installation will mark the advent of a new important industry in the development of the district.

Another Epidemic OF THE SPANISH INFLUENZA

A great many authorities have predicted a return of the terrible influenza which swept Canada from one end to the other long ago and left so many deaths in its wake, and those who did survive were left in a great many cases with some serious after-effect, such as weak heart, shattered nerves, inveterated blood and a general weakened and exhausted condition of the system.

If you are run down, heart not just right, nerves a little shaky, take a few boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and fortify the system against this terrible plague.

Price 50c a box at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

A price mark looks all right on almost anything but a man.

W. N. U. 1311

Settlers for Alberta

Exchange Situation is Bringing Much Wealth To Southern Alberta

Fame of Alberta's irrigated districts and the favorable exchange situation in Canada for Americans is bringing much wealth to Southern Alberta says a Lethbridge correspondent. Farmers in the United States who have made a comfortable pile are looking for land where they can get a sure crop every year, where they do not have to depend on wheat, and for place that will last and will not wear out.

It is becoming well known throughout the United States that the irrigated lands in Southern Alberta, although expensive are as good returns as the far famed wheat lands in their own country. That more attention is being paid to Southern Alberta's irrigated lands is well shown during the past few days, by two sales.

A farmer from Wyoming has just 130 acres for irrigated land at Coaldale, Alberta. No buildings or other improvements were contained in this consideration. In the other case, the purchaser sold his land in Iowa for \$450 an acre, exchanged his money into Canadian currency, which gave him an added \$54 an acre, came to Alberta and purchased irrigated land at Coaldale for \$100 an acre. This man has two sons,

He has been watching the development of the irrigated areas of this province and has toured them. After looking over several districts he was sure that the irrigated land will grow now just as much as Iowa farm land ever grew, and it is only about one-fourth the price.

CUTICURA HEALS RASH ON CHILD

On Body and Face, Red and Itchy, Cried For Hours. Lasted a Year.

"A rash started all over my little body, and she had some on her face. It started in a pimple that had full water, and she got red and huffy. She cried for hours. The trouble lasted a year.

"Then I started with a free sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment. It brought me right man and I used four cakes of Soap and three boxes of Ointment which healed her. (Signed) Mr. Dore, Langley, 1032 Gertrude St., Verdun, Que., August 11, 1918.

THE Cuticura Toilet Trio

Consisting of Soap, Ointment and Talcum is an indispensable adjunct of the daily art in maintaining skin purity and skin health.

For free sample each of Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum, send 25c to A. B. Foster, 2000 Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

Complete Band Outfits Drums and Drummers - Traps -

Complete information and suggest constitution for newly-formed Bands, free on request.

THE WILLIAMS & SONS CO. B. S. WILLIAMS LIMITED

Winnipeg, Calgary, Montreal, Toronto
Address Our Nearest Branch

Lift off Corns!

Doesn't hurt a bit and Freezone costs only a few cents.



With your fingers! You can lift off any hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the hard skin caluses from bottom of feet.

A tiny bottle of "Freezone" costs little and brings relief and a few drops upon the corn or callus. Instantly it stops hurting, then shortly you lift that bothersome corn or callus right off, root and all, without one bit of pain or soreness. Truly! No humbug!

Cause of Bolshevik Success

The fundamental cause of the Bolshevik success on all fronts lies in the action of the Russian reactionaries and moderates who repeated the mistake of the emigres of the French Revolution in summoning foreign assistance. In so doing, they enabled the Bolshevik leaders to appeal to the national sentiment of the Russian

Beautiful Women of Society, during the past seventy years have relied upon it for their distinctive soft, refined, pearly white complexion. It removes instantaneously all marks of haggard complexion.

Gouraud's Oriental Cream

Send for free trial sample.
FRED. T. HOPKINS & SON, MFG. CO.

SINCE 1870 SHILOH 30 DROPS COUGHS

people, with the result that their minority tyranny, which at first had undoubtedly been resented by the majority, could assume the character of a national leadership against attempted foreign invasion.—Asia Magazine.

Some people are kept busy minding other people's business.

ONLY TABLETS MARKED

"BAYER" ARE ASPIRIN

Not Aspirin at All without the "Bayer Cross"



For Colds, Pain, Headache, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earache, and for Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuralgia, etc. Bayer's Aspirin marked with the "Bayer Cross" or you are not taking Aspirin at all.

Accept only "Bayer Tablets" of "Bayer" in an unbroken "Bayer" package.

There is only one Aspirin—Bayer—You must say "Bayer". Aspirin is the trade mark registered in Canada of Bayer Manufacture & Marketing Co., Ltd., a large and well known manufacturer, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company with a stamped with their general trade mark the "Bayer Cross".

Local Happenings

Monitor School Report

Primary Room only
For the month of March

Grade 1, Leda Tkachunko 79.

Grade 1 Sr. Harold Lucas 85
Peter MacKenzie 82, Tommy Ulph 80 Annie Tkachunko 86
Nellie Atwood 77

Grade 2 Jr. Olive Akre 80 Mary Dore 86

Grade 2 Sr. Leavon Atwood 90
Andrew Martin 84 Eddie Dore 80 Arthur Tinkess 75
Jessie Ferguson 79

Grade 3 Adra Atwood 86 Eva Grace 80 Leonard Lay 80 Fred Atwood 75 Ira Atwood 75 John Tkachunko 70

Grade 4 Gladys Grace 84 Linn Tinkess 80 Barbara Dore 74

Least mistakes in Spelling Leavon Atwood 6 Barbara Dore 10

Perfect attendance Mary Dore Edwin Dore John Tkachunko

Miss Curtis Teacher

The Ladies Aid meet at the home of Mrs. Wright on Wednesday next, the 21st.

L. O. Gould has rented the Hart house west of town, and moved into his new domicile yesterday.

Pete Perdue, we regret, to report, has been seriously ill lately. Rev. Wright attended him until a doctor could be procured and Pete is now past the danger zone. He was suffering from inflammatory rheumatism and pleurisy.

IT'S COME!

No, not Spring but Olson's long expected Wallpaper.

T. H. Ferguson has rented the house formerly occupied by L. O. Gould, and moved into his new quarters on Thursday.

In so far as we can ascertain Ted Stewart and Gyb Ryekman were the first men on the land this year. They were harrowing on Monday last. E. W. Connell comes second by starting on Tuesday.

Creek Valley News

School Report March
Grade 8 M. Lewis 78 Seena Buckway 70 S. Buckway 65

Grade 7 M. Teetzell 75 A. Helgeson 68 G. Lewis 65 M. Baxter 65

Grade 6 A. Dibble 60 L. Bush 55

Grade 4 F. Buckway 80 Ted Teetzell 78 D. Buckway 70 Jim Baxter 73 J. Osavitsky 70 M. Bush 65 T. Baxter 60

Grade 3 H. Baxter 74 George Baxter 70 Cecil Dibble 60

Grade 2 P. Buckway 76 S. Osavitsky 71, N. Grayburn 70 A. Bush 70.

Grade 1 Carrie Bush 80

The following were promoted to Grade five (5) F. Buckway, T. Teetzell, D. Buckway, Jim Baxter, J. Osavitsky, M. Bush, Tom Baxter.

FUTURE CEMETERIES.

Proposal is interesting to a Young Country.

Cemeteries are not cheerful places. Burial lots are sared for during two or three generations and then too commonly are neglected. Weeds grow on the graves and fallen tombstones are allowed to lie. The long-dead are forgotten.

David Fairchild, a distinguished scientist, urges a new departure. He thinks that cemeteries should be made attractive and that the principal feature of a great city burying ground ought to be a beautiful building, somewhat resembling a library, with shelves full of books.

Instead of book-shelves it would have fireproof vaults containing personal records of members of the families whose lost ones are buried under flat stones amid the charming surroundings of a vast garden. These records would include all kinds of data relating to the dead—accounts of their most noteworthy doings, photographs, etc.

"Cannot you imagine," says Dr. Fairchild, "strolling into the hall of the dead, to find there, in their proper place, all of your personal records, and your family photographs? There are the photographs of your grandparents, of departed uncles and aunts, of little ones who did not live to grow up, all with stories of their lives attached and letters and anecdotes."

"With these might be preserved phonographic records of the voices of the dead, so that they could be heard to talk; and rooms might be fitted up for privately viewing moving pictures of the departed, who would thus be made to 'come alive again.'

The dead could thus be made, in a sense, to live on indefinitely. Between the living generation and the past would be established a definite and permanent tie.

Dangerous Banks.

As everybody knows, hand grenades during the war proved among the most effective weapons of war. Little notice was given on the War Department's hands, useless. Somebody suggests that the little bombs be converted into children's savings banks. Quantities of them were thus transformed by the simple expedient of removing the fuse and replacing it with the coin slots plugged and loads of explosive put inside. Accordingly, the War Department's direction of them and confiscated the 30,000 prepared by the concern above mentioned. Even those which were to have been sold in Canada could not be shipped across the line.

This may have been wise; but, on the other hand, it is well known that empty grenades are no more available for use as bombs than any tin cans would be; so where the worthlessness of scrapping material for millions of attractive and excellent toy banks?—the present plan being to smash them up and sell them for old iron.

A Cure.

No better presentation of the relation of doctor to patient has been offered than we find in Dr. Oster's addresses collected under the title "Aequinomitas." He had small patience with the mere hypochondriacs. For one such he kept a secretary who half a day notice, minimally, his pessimistic details of her symptoms. Afterward he read the note-book intently and then he dismissed the patient without a prescription. "But aren't you going to tell me what to do?" asked the patient. "I have," his answer is said to have been. "If you don't know enough to come in out of the rain when it's raining I can do nothing for you." The fee for this bit of common sense was more than \$1,100. The shock probably went part way toward healing a delusion. It cost too much to continue to play malade imaginaire.

New Citizens.

During the last nine months of 1919 a grand total of 91,420 immigrants entered Canada, and a considerably larger influx is looked for in the spring. Of the newcomers who arrived in the eight-month period ended November 26, 1919, 56,124 came from England, 16,112 from Wales, 6,412 from Scotland, and 3,317 from Ireland. British immigrants thus numbered 47,585. From the United States came 38,731, and from other countries 5,114. The entry of Germans, Austrians, Turks and Bulgarians is still prohibited. There has been, however, a modification in the regulation, inasmuch as persons who were formerly enemy nationals, but who are now citizens of new European states, established by the treaties with Germany and Austria, are now admitted to the Dominion.

WE

Regret the necessity, but we are forced to make another appeal for the
OVERDUE
SUBSCRIPTIONS

If YOU are in arrears please make an effort to renew your sub. at an early date.

BASEBALL

A meeting of all those interested in baseball are requested to attend a meeting to discuss this, in the G. W. V. A. Hall on Thursday next, the 22nd.

For Best Results

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THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS

FOR ALL KINDS OF GOOD PAINTING

ASK US FOR COLOR CARDS

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

LUCAS and EHLINGER
QUALITY & SERVICE
Hardware & Farm Implements

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SEEDS

The Acme of Satisfaction

If you don't see what you want --- Ask us for It

High Quality Ferguson & Co. Low Prices

Fresh and Cured

MEATS

We Buy Hides

Monitor Meat Market

H. A. WARNER

ISSUER of MARRIAGE LICENCES

FIRE, HAIL, AUTO and

ACCIDENT

INSURANCE

MONITOR ALBERTA



SEE HERE FARMERS

am getting a carload of Barbed Wire, nails, General Hardware and aluminum ware.

what do you need in Farm Implements?

we have the goods.

what about Machine extras—
Plowshares for your plows etc.

Everything in Hardware, undertakings, Supplies and Furniture at the lowest possible Prices

W. H. OLSON

MONITOR CASH HARDWARE



(Watch for dates in Monitor)

Demobilized Women to Settle in Canada

The vanguard of the army of British working women whom demobilization has deprived of employment in the old country and who desire to settle in Canada arrived recently at Halifax. They were met by Mrs. Robson, of the women's branch of the repatriation committee, who will arrange for their disposal to their various destinations. The party is 83 in number, and during the war worked in the various British organizations and played a noble part in the Women's Royal Air Force, the Women's Royal Naval Force, the Women's Auxiliary Army Corps, and the Land Army. In the language of the army, they are Wacs, Wrafs and Wrens, and they have now undertaken to abandon the work of war for the more peaceful pursuits of domestic service.

Of the party, one was booked for Nova Scotia, one for New Brunswick, seven for Quebec, 39 for Ontario, four for Saskatchewan, six for Manitoba, two for Alberta, six for British Columbia, while 15 have not yet decided where they will go. Their fares are paid by the imperial authorities and they come upon agreement to enter domestic service.

The Canadian Council of Immigration of Women for Household Service has these and future comers in charge, and has hostels at all the main centres of the Dominion where they may be accommodated until such time as they secure satisfactory employment.

The immigration department requires that the immigrants be sound physically, mentally and morally, but they do not insist upon the ready money qualification, which applies to male immigrants. For they know that any person who desires to take domestic service in the Dominion, and is qualified to do so, cannot remain long a charge upon the state. It is anticipated that several thousand such immigrants can be absorbed in Canada without any trouble at all.

So far as male immigration to the Dominion is concerned entrants from the United States predominate. During the recent fiscal year, 40,000 or more have come to Canada, particularly to the West, with American money worth 5 per cent. in their pockets and with a desire to settle and make their homes in the Dominion.

History of Chinese Cash

Began With Coins That Had the Shape of Knives

With the end of the war comes the end, one may believe, of an odd spectacle sometimes seen in the neighborhood of Tsinan, Tsingtau, and doubtless of other Chinese cities—the sight of a Chinese coolie pushing a wheelbarrow loaded with coins on their way to be melted down for the metal. War conditions raised the price of brass and copper to such an extent that it was found profitable to purchase coins and melt them, a practice which brought inconvenience, for it materially reduced the circulating medium. Laws were passed against it, but they seem to have been more or less successfully evaded, and wheelbarrows continued to be used in supplying the smelters. Thus is added another incident in the long history of Chinese cash, which began 3,000 years and more ago with the circulation of coins that had the shape of knives still to be seen used as paper knives by foreigners in China who have picked them up searching for antiques. Other shapes were introduced, and before the Chou dynasty, about 600 B.C., the Chinese currency was ax-shaped and spade-shaped as well as knife-shaped. At that time round coins with a hole in them, so that they might be held together with a cord, were introduced and found much more convenient.

R.C. Salmon Pack

British Columbia's salmon pack for the last year totalled 1,393,155 cases, showing a decline of 223,000 cases from the previous season, according to official figures compiled at Vancouver.

The Bible contains no words or names of more than six syllables.

The Value of Silence

Secret of Business Success: "Keep Your Mouth Shut"

When old Commodore Vanderbilt, the founder of the Vanderbilt fortune, was asked the secret of business success, he replied shortly, "Keep your mouth shut."

Talking too much has been the ruin of more than one man in business and elsewhere. The time to speak and the time to keep silent are observed by only the wisest. Perhaps it is because talking is extremely easy and keeping still a matter of considerable difficulty.

In fact, one runs into paradox by pointing out the value of silence. It has been said that Thomas Carlyle wrote 30 volumes on the doctrine of silence. England had 30,000,000 people, mostly fools, Carlyle said, a chief reason for the statement being that the English were inclined to be loquacious.

But Carlyle did know how to be silent, although he was remarkable for his conversational powers. The story is told that on the occasion of a visit by Emerson to the Carlyle home in Scotland the two met at a whole evening without uttering a single word. When the visitor rose to go, each of the two declared that a pleasant and profitable time had been had.

One of the best lessons a certain man ever obtained from a book was gained when, on visiting a friend's home, he picked up a volume entitled, "An Essay on Silence." Opening the covers with eager interest, the visitor turned page after page, only to find them absolutely blank. There was not a word in the book, but it spoke volumes.

The chief value of silence is that it forces thinking, where thinking is possible, and where thought is impossible there is the immense relief to the innocent bystander. Keeping quiet for five minutes of waking hours would be the death of many of us. You try it.—Kansas City Star.

The King's Stirring Words

A Clarion Call to the Nation After the Dislocations of the War

"The spirit of union self-sacrifice and patience which our people displayed during the years of fighting will be required if we are to reap the full benefit of the peace which we have won, and those great qualities must be reinforced by the homelier virtues of industry and thrift." They constitute a clarion call to the nation, as, after the dislocations of the war, it turns its attention to the varied tasks of reconstruction. The whole world has formed a fresh conception of this country, and its powers during the past five years. We have embraced on the scroll of history a record of unsurpassed achievement. That is a matter of pride, but it casts upon us a responsibility we cannot shirk, for we are the legatees of the hundreds of thousands of heroes, men of our blood, who, by sea, and in the air died that this nation and this Empire might live, not to itself, but to humanity, uplifting a high standard before all men as it sets about the tasks of peace. We have proved the virtues of democracy in war; we must now exhibit them in peace.—London Daily Telegraph.

Anzacs Need B.C. Wood

Australia's need for soft wood for all sorts of commercial purposes, formerly supplied from the Baltic sea-coast, must henceforth be met by the Pacific coast which has ousted the Baltic from the Australian market, said Mark A. Sheldon, commissioner of the Commonwealth of Australia, in an address before the chamber of commerce at San Francisco.

"There is one line that must go on increasing and increasing, and that is the lumber business," he said. "We have no soft woods in Australia. Our woods are heavy and hard, and we want Pacific coast soft wood."

Abundance of Game In Northern Alberta

Hunting Much Easier Than for Some Years Past

This winter, from the point of view of the sportsman and trapper, shows indications of being one of the best for many years. Moose hunting seems to be especially popular—railroad officials report that "whole trainloads of sportsmen" are being carried on the lines to the far north—and the hunters seem to be meeting with more than usual success. The early snowfall has made the hunting much easier than for some years past, and to date a total bag of thirty moose have been received in Edmonton as the total from sportsmen of that city, since the commencement of the season. All the animals are fat and healthy looking specimens, averaging about five years of age. One big fellow had roamed the plains thirteen years before falling. It carried a head that will be prized by the fortunate hunter as being one of the best that ever came out of the north country.

Emergency Seed Supply

Good Work of the Dominion Seed Purchasing Commission

The consolidated balance sheet, covering the operations of the Canadian government seed purchasing commission for the past three years, has been audited and found correct. The total sum advanced by the department of finance for the purchase of seed supplies, at a requisition from the Dominion seed commissioner, amounted to \$11,895,540.96, and the total of refunds to the receiver-general from the proceeds of sale was \$11,903,437.76. Net assets, including seed grain in storage, are valued at \$37,888.85. The salaries and expenses of the experienced seed branch officers comprising the staff of the commission were not charged against the cost of the seed. The order-in-council which established the seed purchasing commission directed that the seed supplies should be purchased, stored, cleaned, sacked where necessary, and sold at the net cost as nearly as might be determined.

The business of the commission covers the period beginning October, 1916, and ending September, 1919. It includes the purchase and sale of seed, wheat, oats, barley, rye, corn, peas and beans, subject always to inspection as to the established grades for seed grain which were provided under the Seed Control Act. Inspection was administered by the seed inspection division of the seed branch. Every car lot of seed purchased or sold was examined by seed inspectors, and samples were submitted for tests as to purity and germination by the Dominion seed laboratory at Ottawa, Winnipeg or Calgary. Delivery consisted of bill of lading, licensed weighman's certificate, seed certificate and sight draft.

This system of meeting emergency seed situations was adopted on the recommendation of the seed commissioner. It is based on the establishment of official seed grades for grain, and on the principle that municipal governing bodies, supported by their provincial government, are in the best position to deal with the extension of credits to needy farmers.

An Ultimatum

Since the world is short of food, it must produce more or die. Since it is short of coal, it must produce more or freeze to death. Since it has an enemy who is arming for another attack, it must shake him or have another war. Since it has issued a lot of paper and called it dollars, pounds, francs, marks, lire and rubles, it must either put value into this paper or use it by the bushel to buy a dozen eggs. Since it is formed by nature to live by nationalities with distinct loves and hates, it must either strive to live at peace by nationalities or violate nature by trying to become one people. Since man cannot add to his stature by wishing or increase the wheat crop by voting or double the coal output by creating a league of nations, it behoves him to recover his senses as quickly as possible and go to work. There is no substitute for labor.—Washington Post.

The human brain usually stops growing at about 50, and from 60 to 70 its tendency is to decrease in size.

Grazing Prospects in Northern Canada

A Land of Opportunity

Plain Story of What Citizens of Initiative and Resourcefulness May Accomplish

An illustration of the commonplace fact that the real wealth of a nation comes from the soil was brought to the attention of the Winnipeg Tribune by J. C. Waugh, former mayor of the city of Winnipeg. The story is too good to be passed by, so it is given as related by the Tribune: "Ex-Mayor Waugh was down at Dryden, Ontario, a small place on the C.P.R. main line east of Winnipeg as the board of trade representative at a good roads convention. Our eastern neighbors tried to persuade him that between here and Port Arthur there is over twice the amount of cultivable land as is to be found in Manitoba. His imagination probably didn't carry him that far, but he inquired from some of the delegates as to their success in farming on what, to a stranger, looks like never-ending rocks everywhere along the eastern line of the C.P.R. One of the delegates, a Norwegian-Canadian, confessed that he did "putty well." He has ten acres seeded to clover. 'Cattle raising?' enquired Mr. Waugh. 'No; clover seed raising.' Something new in these parts, thought the ex-mayor. 'How much do you raise?' 'Eight bushels to the acre; \$30 per bushel; \$240 per acre; \$2,400 for the ten acres.' Very satisfactory, thought the Winnipegger. 'Putty fair,' said the pioneer of 20 years' residence, who is also earning fair money as a railway employee. 'My wife,' he said, 'keeps a few bees; they like clover. This year she got \$2,600 for her honey—putty fair.'

"Add to the clover and the honey and the wages from the railway company other incidental profits, and the man and his wife on the ten acres have an income of something like \$6,000 a year.

"This is not an immigration story. It is a plain story of what citizens of initiative and resourcefulness may accomplish in this bountiful land.

"Another incident of the native wealth of Manitoba: Three years ago a Frenchman wrote to the Tribune inquiring where he might purchase a bee hive. He was outfitted for less than \$15. His 'better half' came into the city with the product of the bees' work for the summer of 1919—900 pounds of honey. It was sold at 40 cents per pound, or a total of \$360—pin money.

"This is the land of opportunity for the man or woman who isn't lazy."

Settlers For Manitoba

Many U.S. Farmers Are Purchasing Choice Manitoba Lands

Hoy Jenkins, Mount Vernon, Ohio, has secured three hundred and twenty acres on Silver Plains, south of Winnipeg, at seventy-five dollars per acre, while in the districts of Dufferin and Morris, an eighteen-hundred acre farm has been acquired by a farmer from Sibley, Iowa, at forty dollars per acre. A large number of American farmers are settling in this district. Another district which is receiving attention is between Balmoral and Clandeboye, where a number of returned soldiers are taking up land at \$27.50 per acre. A farmer at Macdonald has harvested two thousand five hundred bushels of turnips from two and one-half acres seeded on fall plowing, May 15th.

Vocations for Girls

"There has been too little actual thought given to the kind of career a girl should take up and too little development toward a broader future worked out after she made a start." So says Miss Hirth, who is head of a bureau for vocational information in New York. Miss Hirth has analyzed and investigated opportunities for women until she knows a good deal about the subject.

Speaking at a meeting of the Y.W.C.A. on the subject of "Vocations," Miss Hirth said that women's lack of a feeling of permanency in their work has been the greatest drawback to development in their work.

A commission will sit at Ottawa during the month of December for the purpose of inquiring into the possibilities of the Arctic and sub-Arctic portions of Canada as a grazing country. The commission, which consists of Dr. J. G. Rutherford, Dr. V. Stefansson, J. S. McLean and J. B. Harkin, commissioner of Dominion parks, will inquire into the feasibility of the regions being utilized for wool and meat-producing purposes. Having in view the reindeer industry in Lapland and Siberia, it is thought that developments on similar lines would be expected in northern Canada, where it is reported that herds of caribou, to the extent of some 30,000,000 animals, exist. Dr. Stefansson has always expressed the view that the musk-ox could be readily domesticated in northern Canada. The witnesses before the commission are to include all those having a practical knowledge of the Arctic regions, such as explorer, mining prospectors, traders and members of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police.

The Rain Tree

Story From Canary Island Founded on Fact

When the Canary Islands began to be known in Europe, stories were brought home of a wonderful tree which drips with water fast enough to supply all the men and beasts on the otherwise nearly waterless island on which it grows. Information has recently reached England which tends to show that this travelers' tale is founded on facts. In the island of Hierro, there is a steep and narrow gully running up from the sea and ending in a patch of forest. The clouds formed by the warm damp currents of air carried up the gully into the cool mountain tops, and, of course, in accordance with well-known meteorological laws, form clouds around the trees in question, whose leaves would drip with water. At this stop tradition placed the rain tree. It is quite well known to foresters how valuable trees are in condensing water from the clouds, and holding it in the spongy ground they form around their roots; how they make natural reservoirs to feed the streams all the year round, even when, as in Hong Kong, half the year is rainy.

In the case of the Hierro rain tree, it is pretty evident that the tanks set to catch the water that collected round the trees supplied many of the natives and their beasts in dry seasons. One tree near the reservoir, which was bigger than the rest, no doubt, and seen to drip like rain, acquired fame and gave rise to the stories referred to. The sheep, goats and swine, we are told, are independent, for they do not drink at all during the dry weather, but dig up fern roots and chew them to quench their thirst.

The Need for Economy

If ever economy was called for, it is now. In war-time the need was more evident, but not more real. We could make it very personal then by saying we were saving meat, wheat, and sugar, that the soldiers might not lack those essentials. We knew that we were at war, and to secure victory in war meant self-denial and the husbanding of resources. Our mental fallacy lies in thinking that the war is over. Peace may be signed, but the economic disturbance has not subsided. The waves are still running high. Caution is yet necessary on the boat may capsize. The people who are spending money for non-essentials are rocking the boat. —The Christian Register.

Cartoonist's Holiday

Louis Raemaekers has left London under doctor's orders, for a lengthened stay in the south of France, where he hopes to regain some of the physical strength which he has thoroughly exhausted by a continuous strain of work throughout the last five years. On the eve of his departure he signed the copies of the edition deluxe of the Great Victory Volume of his cartoons which will be published early in December by the British Fine Art Society.

West Demands Control of Our Natural Resources

Ottawa.—Development of Canada's natural resources and establishment of a more uniform system of experimental farms came up for discussion in the house of commons. The first question, that of natural resources, was raised on a motion by Captain Manion, Fort William and Rainy River; the second by Donald Sutherland, of South Oxford. Western members seized the opportunity again to urge transfer of western resources to the provincial governments. Dr. Cowan, Regina, argued that had the western natural resources been in the hands of the provincial governments, action to develop them would have been taken long ago. The present situation was "impossible."

"I myself heard Sir Robert Borden declare in 1911 that he would do all in his power to see that the resources were turned over to the provinces," Dr. Cowan declared further. He spoke of millions of feet of lumber and millions of tons of the best coal in Canada, lying with eight miles of the government-owned railway.

In his motion, Captain Manion urged that the government should, as soon as possible, "bring forward a policy having for its object the development of the natural resources of Canada."

He spoke on the need for developing Canada's resources. The government might take over development itself, or assist private enterprise. Capt. Manion did not stipulate that the government should adopt any particular method, but he strongly advised immediate action.

Major Redman, Calgary, favored scientific research in every possible way and advocated establishment of a government bureau on natural resources similar to that of the United States. There was plenty of coal in Alberta if railway rates could be modified to compete for eastern trade.

Buy U. S. Securities

London.—The British treasury announces that after April 12, it will be prepared to offer prices for certain American dollar securities deposited with the Government.

Albania Recognized

Rome.—Official recognition of the government and autonomous constitution of Albania has been extended by the Italian government according to the *Epocha*.

Appeal for Funds

To Help League

God Help Our Children If League Is Allowed to Wither and Die

London.—Earl Grey, Premier-Lloyd George, Admiral Beatty, former prime minister Asquith, Lord Robert Cecil, and John R. Clynes published an appeal in the *London Times* for 1,000,000 pounds sterling, "to keep fresh in the minds of the people of this country the spirit and ideals which underlie the covenant of the League of Nations."

The appeal points out what the League of Nations union has already done in its education campaign. It says that a million pounds sterling sounds like a large sum but that if the British people do not support the League of Nations with all their might and resources, "the lie and if the League should die, God help our children, for no human agency can save them from calamities to which those of our late war will appear as the merest trifles."

Says Sims Was Indiscreet

Rodman Criticizes Rear Admiral For Publishing Confidential Conversation

Washington.—Admiral Hugh Rodman, commander-in-chief of the Pacific Fleet, told the senate investigating committee today that Rear Admiral Sims' letter to Secretary Daniels criticizing the navy's part in the war, was "very indiscreet."

"Admiral Sims' indiscretions," he said, "lay very particularly in his breach of confidence in making public an intimate and confidential conversation, which should have been held secret."

The witness referred to Sims' testimony that Admiral Benson, former chief of naval operations, told him prior to his departure for London, "not to let the British pull the wool over your eyes; we would as soon fight them, as the Germans."

Admiral Rodman said the publication of that statement by Admiral Sims, "no doubt has had its effects upon the cordial relations which heretofore existed between us and one of our closest allies."

Abandon Control of Newsprint

Announcement Follows Decision Of Supreme Court in Price Bros. Case

Ottawa.—The board of commerce announces that it will not henceforth claim to exercise any control whatever over newsprint paper in Canada.

The announcement follows the decision of the supreme court in the Price Brothers case that newsprint paper was not a necessity of life within the meaning of that expression in the Combines and Fair Prices act and that the powers exercised by the board of commerce as newsprint controller were without jurisdiction. The board points out that the effect of the supreme court's decision is to render inoperative the orders-in-council constituting the board of commerce as controller of newsprint paper in Canada, and for this reason the board announces its intention of abandoning the control of newsprint, unless the board is subsequently invested, if that be legally possible, with competently-granted power.

The board's announcement adds that the supreme court's decision does not involve the general powers of the board of commerce, except so far as it, to some extent, limits the interpretation which the board might place on the expression, "necessity of life." The general powers, it is added, will be pronounced upon by a subsequent decision of the court.

This decision will follow a rehearing in the supreme court on May 4, next, of certain points in the recent argument heard in the court to test the powers of the board of commerce as a price-fixing tribunal.

Farmers Want 'Toronto World' ..

Toronto, Ont.—Négociations are under way for the United Farmers of Ontario to purchase the *Toronto World*, according to information in circles well informed of the farmers' plans.

For Wheat Deliveries

New Regulations On Deliveries Of Wheat Promulgated By Board

Winnipeg.—The Canadian wheat board has issued a regulation (95) for the delivery of wheat by milling licensees, effective from this date inclusive, which orders:

1.—All wheat purchased by the milling licensee of the board shall, on demand, be delivered to the board.

2.—Until July 31, 1920, the board will purchase, or provide a purchaser for all wheat grown in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, delivered by any milling licensee of the board in store:

The Canadian government elevator at Calgary, Saskatoon or Moose Jaw. A public terminal elevator at Fort William or Port Arthur. Other elevators in Ontario and Quebec as specified.

Providing such milling delivery declares to the board on or before July 15, 1920, the quantity and grade of wheat intended to be delivered to the board in store, the elevators herein before designated and on production of the proper documents of title, will pay or cause to be paid to the holder of such documents of title, the cash payment fixed by other regulations of the board, basis in store at public terminal elevator at Fort William or Port Arthur, for the quantity and grade of wheat represented by such documents of title, together with an assessment paid to the board thereon, in accordance with the regulations of the board.

3.—Until June 30, 1920, the board will purchase or provide a purchaser for all wheat grown in the province of British Columbia delivered by any milling licensee declares to the board on or before June 15, 1920, the quantity and grade of wheat intended to be delivered to the board in store the said elevator and on production of the proper documents of title, will pay or cause to be paid to the holder of such documents of title, the cash payment fixed by other regulations of the board, basis in store the Canadian government elevator, Vancouver, provided such milling licensee declares to the board on or before June 15, 1920, the quantity and grade of wheat intended to be delivered to the board in store the said elevator and on production of the proper documents of title, will pay or cause to be paid to the holder of such documents of title, the cash payment fixed by other regulations of the board, basis in store the Canadian government elevator, Vancouver, for the quantity and grade of wheat represented by such documents of title, together with any assessments paid to the board thereon in accordance with the regulations of the board.

The output of print paper is now dwindling rapidly," he said, "and the outlook at the pulp mills of Canada and United States will not be adequate to meet the demand, even if the supply of spruce timber holds out."

Newsprint Will Be Exhausted in 10 Years

Cleveland.—Newspapers on this continent will be without paper at the end of ten years unless there is conservation of pulp, declared Jason Rogers, publisher of the *New York Globe*, at a meeting of the Cleveland Advertising Club today.

"The output of print paper is now dwindling rapidly," he said, "and the outlook at the pulp mills of Canada and United States will not be adequate to meet the demand, even if the supply of spruce timber holds out."

French Troops Clash With Mob At Frankfort

Germany Would Send Arms to Irish

Report of Uprising on Easter Is Said To Have Been Confirmed

London.—Recent unconfirmed reports of a Sinn Fein plot for an armed uprising in Ireland were based on fact, according to the Irish police. They state that they are in possession of information not only indicating that a rising was intended, but that certain Germans in Berlin had engaged to furnish war material.

In this connection Thomas J. Loughlin, a Dublin business man and a member of the Sinn Fein, has been arrested under the Defence of the Realm act. No definite charge has as yet been deferred against him, but the Irish police state that his arrest was effected after they had learned that he was a party to a treaty with the Germans for arms and ammunition.

With Loughlin's name, the police link that of Baron Lewis von Horst, a former resident of the United States, who is now in Berlin, with whom it is alleged Loughlin was negotiating.

Tried to Destroy Mines

Bolshevik Troops Plundered Stores And Fired at Inhabitants

The Hague.—The Nieuwe Courant, describing the plundering of Essen by the Reds before the occupation of the city by government troops, says:

"Part of the retreating Red troops gathered during the morning in Essen, captured all the arms which they had delivered, plundered the shops and finally left the town in automobiles, firing at the inhabitants. The Red army commander ordered that the mines be blown up, but the mine guards succeeding in repulsing the Reds, although great damage was done to the mines."

Bottrop, in the Recklinghausen region, is also in the hands of the government troops.

The occupation of the Mayence district also was a violation of the peace treaty, says The Hague Vaderland, in an article declaring that the German action in the Ruhr district likewise was contrary to the treaty of Versailles.

Strike Leaders Are Nominated

Winnipeg.—R. B. Russell, George Armstrong, W. A. Pritchard and R. J. Johns, four of the convicted strike leaders, were nominated for seats in the provincial legislature at a meeting of the Winnipeg branch of the Socialists party of Canada tonight. As Rev. William Ivens was on the tentative slate of nominations made by the Dominion Labor party last week and Alderman Queen will, it is understood be the nominee of the Social Democrat party, six of the seven strike leaders given jail terms, are likely to figure in what will undoubtedly be the most unique election in the history of Manitoba.

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"The output of print paper is now dwindling rapidly," he said, "and the outlook at the pulp mills of Canada and United States will not be adequate to meet the demand, even if the supply of spruce timber holds out."

Rhine Republic Is Likely

Paris.—The newspapers of Berlin, say today that news received from all parts of the Rhine provinces imparts the proclamation of a Rhine republic is imminent, according to despatches from the German capital.

Mayence.—Disturbances broke out in Frankfort today, but energetic intervention by the French troops restored order. From German sources it is learned that six Germans were killed and 35 wounded.

It is reported that the manifestations which gave rise to these incidents were due to an order originating in Berlin.

"The first day of the occupation of Frankfort passed without incident; the reception was by the populace was most cordial," said General Degoutte, the French commander, on his return from a tour of inspection.

"Then suddenly, on orders from Berlin, a certain ferment seized the population. This ferment degenerated into aggression and our soldiers in self-defence were obliged to use their arms. So far as I know we had no losses."

"The incident shows how we must watch proceedings in Berlin, and that is why the events in the Ruhr demand my whole attention, you cannot consider what is going on in the Ruhr and here, apart; there is a close relation between the events we are witnessing today. The aggressions at Frankfort and events in the Ruhr are attributable to the same military reaction. Of that we have absolute proof."

Australia Delays Action

London.—The Daily Mail's Sydney correspondent says that the Commonwealth government is not taking action regarding a larger navy until after the Imperial conference. It adds that Canada's decision to not enlarge her navy has caused local anxiety regarding the care of the Pacific.

All-Canadian Film Service

Legislation to Amend Moving Picture Act in British Columbia Planned

Victoria.—Legislation to amend the British Columbia Moving Picture Act, designed to authorize the creation of machinery for the taking of pictures in British Columbia of an educational nature and for their exhibition in the "Movies" and amusement houses of Canada, was introduced here by Hon. J. W. Deb Farris, attorney-general.

The amendment is interpreted to contemplate the inauguration of an all-Canadian film service in the matter of purely educational and domestic subjects peculiar to the Dominion.

France Consulted With Allies

Paris.—A note by Premier Miller and was read to the ambassadors today and then delivered to the German charge, Wilhelm von Mayer, in which the premier declared that France had taken great care to inform and consult with the allies before occupying the Rhine cities.

Says They Helped Her Aching Back

MRS. ROBERT BAIRD TELLS OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

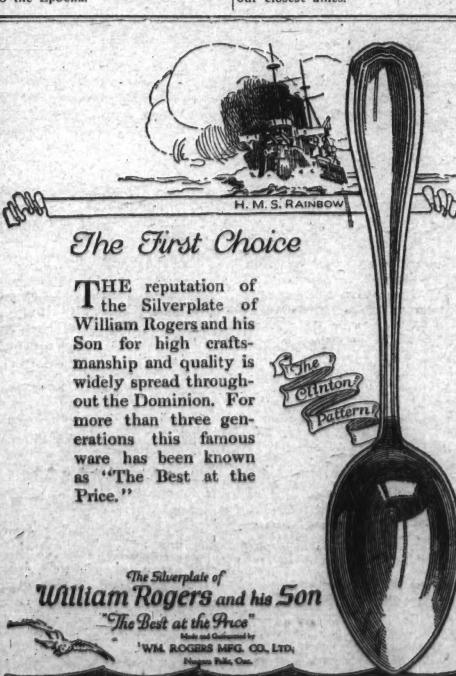
Belmore, Lady, states that she was advised to take Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Belmore, Ont., April 12th.—(special) "I can assure you that Dodd's Kidney Pills helped my aching back as none others ever did or ever will do."

It is Mrs. Robert Baird a well known and highly respected resident here who makes this statement. She is the enthusiastic believer in Dodd's Kidney Pill's as a remedy for weak backs.

"I was both weak and run down all last summer," she states further. "And before my baby was born I used Dodd's Kidney Pill's. They helped me in every way. I also had my little boy and they and they benefited him greatly."

Women who are weak and run down should look first to their kidneys. No woman can be strong and healthy if her kidneys are not doing their full work of straining the impurities out of the blood. Weak kidneys are the cause of nine-tenths of women's ills. Ask your neighbor if Dodd's Kidney Pills do not make strong healthy kidneys.



The First Choice

THE reputation of the Silverplate of William Rogers and his Son for high craftsmanship and quality is widely spread throughout the Dominion. For more than three generations this famous ware has been known as "The Best at the Price."

The Silverplate of
William Rogers and his Son
The Best at the Price
Made and Gilded by
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Montreal, Que.

Brighten Up The Home With
**"Empire" Semi-Trimmed
 WALLPAPERS**

New, Fresh 1920 Stock Prices from 20c. to 70c. per Roll

A Fine line of Samples now on display at
 Lucas and Ehlingers Hardware Store.

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 If You Want First Class Results From Your Snap-Shots Send Your Films To Us

TWENTY-FOUR HOUR SERVICE

West Pocket	Developing and one print of each	45c.	Extra prints 4c. each
No. 2 Brownie 2½x3½	Developing and one print of each	40c.	Extra prints 4c. each
2A Brownie 2½x4½	Developing and one print of each	40c.	Extra prints 5c. each
No. 3 Brownie 3½x4½	Developing and one print of each	40c.	Extra prints 5c. each
No. 3 Brownie 2½x4½	Developing and one print of each	40c.	Extra prints 5c. each
3A Brownie 3½x5	Developing and one print of each	45c.	Extra prints 6c. each
	POST CARDS	75c. per dozen	

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Will fit YOUR camera.

THE WILKIE STUDIO, Wilkie, Sask. Or Bring or send your Films to the NEWS office with full instructions.

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 For Sale Here**

**A Full Supply Of
 ACCESSORIES and
 REPAIRS
 always on hand**

**Chas. B. Horsch, Dealer
 Monitor Alberta**

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FRESH VEGETABLES

**Tomatoes Celery Lettuce Beets
 Radish Onions Cabbage**

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A weekly newspaper published in the interests of Monitor—the hub of Central America's Grain belt and the finest stock raising district on the Continent—and its tributary districts.

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Transient advertisements—25 cents per inch, in advance.

Display, 6 mos. contract, 20 cents per inch. Yearly contract, 15 cents per inch each issue.

All changes of advertisements must reach this office by Thursday noon.

Reading notices 10 cents per line per issue.

Subscription Rates

Canada \$1.50 per year. Foreign \$2.00 per year in advance.

The Editor will not assume responsibility for the opinions of others as expressed in these columns.

No unsigned manuscript will be published.

10 per cent discount for all Plate. For other particular apply to

H. A. WARNER

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

Monitor FRIDAY APRIL 16th, 1920 Alberta

**A Word To The
 Wise Is Sufficient**

It is very gratifying to note that the Board of Trade have so far justified their existence, as to practically secure the services of a Doctor here. Arrangements have pretty well been completed, and we hope in the near future to be able to inform our readers, that this objective of the Board has been attained.



One of the main drawbacks for a doctor coming into a new locality, is a matter of the manner in which he can make collections. We are all aware that a doctor at this point has an extremely large district in which to work, but it must be remembered by everyone, that even a doctor, although he can seldom refuse his services to one who needs them, has to have the wherewithal to live. We are personally acquainted with a doctor, a good man and a splendid surgeon, who had a community of 11,000 souls to care for, who was starved out of his district altogether. He had accounts on his books totaling some 2,500 dollars, but through the negligence of those he was trying to serve, he was unable to make collections, and therefore had to find a new place, where he could at least secure sufficient money to pay his way.



The activities of the Board of Trade, however, are not confined to this one matter alone. At present there are under way such matters as the securing of 15 cars of Hay for the district from the Government. Better passenger train service (which matter has been indorsed by the Saskatoon Board of Trade) Mail Service. Then when these are satisfactorily disposed of, the attention of the members will be directed to the Sports Day program, Better Roads and out of Monitor. The Municipal Hospital question, Baseball and Athletics, and many other questions of value to the village and community.



Even as we go to press we learn that a doctor is coming here on Thursday (yesterday) to interview the Board of Trade and look over the district with regards to locating here.



Come on in boys. Join up and be a booster for your home town. If the place isn't worth living in, maybe its your fault. Nobody is barred. Farmers are as welcome as townspeople. Then when once we start the works going nothing will stop us.

Patronize Your Local Drug Store. Fresh Formaldehyde, 60c per lb. Cutters Blacklegoids \$1 for 10 doses. Smokine, the best Log Cabin, \$1.25 per Imperial quart. Stock foods and Tonics, no noise in price. Ever-Ready Gopher poison—the easy poison to mix. Kill-em-Quick. Gophericide, Strychnine and all other makes. Toilet Soaps at old prices. How about a Spring Tonic? It cleans the system, purifies the blood and stimulates the Kidneys and Liver. Everthing for the Spring rush, Full line of stationery. Kodaks and Films. Toilet sets, perfumes and gifts. Toys for the Kiddies. Full line of Tennis goods to arrive in day or two. Keep up to date by reading all the latest magazines. Get it at the

THE KENNEDY DRUG COMPANY

STONELAW U. F. A.
 will hold their meetings during the summer as follows:
 May, July and September at Stonelaw. June, August and October at Minor. 1st Saturday

The report of the W. I. convention was given at the monthly meeting held at the home of Mrs. J. C. Watling on Saturday last, and was received with much interest and considerable discussion. Mrs. J. Botheras read an interesting paper on "Trees and Shrubs".

Miss Dove Inkster has returned to Edmonton.

Miss Grace Inkster is now teaching school at Kirriemuir.

Items a la Arrow will be welcomed to this column. Let us know when you do your washing—how many eggs your hens lay and where the Stork is due next.



12 Reasons Why

You should buy a

McCormick Double Disc Drill

Roller Bearings On Axle

Front Seed delivery

Slanting Feed run openings

Steel Box Cover

Fluted Force Feed

Big Stock Of Repairs Always
On Hand

Guaranteed Chilled disc bearings

Free Repairs First Year

Heavy One-Piece Angle Steel Frame

Large Capacity Grain Box

High Wide Tire Wheels

The Biggest And Oldest
Organization At Your Service

JAS. A. HAYES

Honesty & Service

KEEP YOUR MONEY IN THE WEST

INSURE

In an all CANADIAN WESTERN CO

That is as STRONG AS THE ROCKIES

The Canada Security Assurance Co.

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GUARANTEED BY THE NORWICH UNION

FIRE, HAIL, AUTO.

SERVICE SECURITY SATISFACTION

Agent.

H. A. WARNER,

Monitor

THE STAR CAFE

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Meals At All Hours

Fruit, Confectionery, Soft Drinks

Cigars, Tobacco, Smokers Supplies

Ice Cream Soda Water Ice Cream Cones



Shelf and Heavy Hardware
Farm Implements Furniture
Paints, Glass and Oils
Undertaking Supplies

We have in Stock 2 Gasoline
Engines, 1 1/2 and 2 H. P.
1 only double gear Wind Mill
with 30 ft Tower

Automobile Tires and Accessories

COME IN and LOOK AROUND

OLSON & LIKNES

Kirriemuir Cash Hardware
M. J. LIKNES Manager

Transient Ads.

NOTICE

All horses branded

on left Hip—Cattle Branded

on right ribs, are the property
of Art Johnston, Monitor, Elinders
please notify.

Wanted—A good farm
hand, also a wife-anxious boy to
drive four horses.

Address replies to T. H. Noad,
Monitor, Alberta

10-17 pd.

WANTED. Four Big young
Oxen. Will pay cash or ex-
change horses for same.

G. E. Barnard. 10-33-44

Monitor. 18-18pd.

FOR SALE Bred to Lay
Pure Barred Plymouth Rock
Eggs. \$1.25 per Setting. H. L.
Crisp. Plymouth Rock Ranch.

FOR SALE One Seed Drill,
One Sulky Plough, and One
Set of Harrows. Apply to
San Lewis. Monitor Alta.

17p.

For Sale. A "Motor-High-
Speed" Washing machine,
with wringer attachment.
With or without wringer.
Brand new. \$18.00. Call at
the News Office and see it.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

In the estate of JOSEPH MOGRIDGE late of the village of Bideford,
Farmer deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims on the estate of the
said JOSEPH MOGRIDGE, who died on the 28th day of November 1918, are
required to file with the undersigned
Administrator of his Estate by the
15th day of May, 1919, a full statement
duly verified, of their claims and any
securities held by them, and that after
that date the Administrator will dis-
tribute the assets of the deceased
among the parties entitled thereto,
having regard only to the claims of
which notice has been filed or
brought to his notice.

Dated this 23rd day of March, 1920

THE TRUSTS AND GUARANTEE
COMPANY, LIMITED

220 Eighth Avenue West,
Calgary, Alberta, Canada.

H. A. HOWARD, Manager.

Approved F. A. Morrison J.

16-17 up

100 SACKS OF FLOUR

MUST be sold by May 1st

This Flour Is

KING QUALITY

Every Sack Guaranteed

Money Refunded if Not Satisfactory

\$6.50 per sack

5 Sacks for **\$32**

We Need The Cash

A. J. DEADMARSH

WE LEAD—NEVER FOLLOW

BRING YOUR CREAM HERE

The PIONEER STORE

MONITOR

ALL WHITE

MY WARDROBE

TROS. ULPH - Proprietor

Cleaning Pressing Repairing

We have Dress Material for sale in yard lengths. Agents for

PECKS

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Made-to-meas-
ure Clothing

Hand-made to meas-
ure Clothes

Ladies
Tailoring

WE GUARANTEE ALL OUR WORK

MONITOR Opposite pool-Room ALBERTA

FRANK BURNS

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Cries Sales Anywhere---At Any Time

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